

PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL LOAN ENTRANCE COUNSELING

First Name:	Middle Name:	Last Name:
Student ID:	Class	of:
Address:		
City:	State:	Zip Code:
Phone number:	E-mail a	ddress:
Borrower Rights and Responsibili By initialing each item below, I indica		rivate educational loan borrower rights and responsibilities
I understand that private educa home mortgages.	tional student loans are borrowed mo	ney that must be repaid, with interest, just like car loans and
		canceled/forgiven for any of the following: I didn't complete a job in my field of study or because I'm having financial
		ote I sign the total principal amount, interest on such principa its agreed upon in my promissory note.
	ms are specific to the terms and cond act my lender for specific repayment	itions identified on my signed promissory note and should amounts and options.
	estimates provided by the Student Fi or upon graduation based on my proje	inancial Aid Office, and determined a monthly payment ected borrowing needs.
I understand that I must notify n	ny lender within ten (10) days of any c	hanges to my name, address, or school enrollment status.
I understand that my lender may or other defaults on my accou		t to credit bureaus, such as late payments, missed payments
	oursed to me from my private educaties, books and supplies, room and boar	onal student loans must be used to pay educationally related d, and transportation).
	esponsibility to make all required payr coupon booklet, or other such notifica	ments to my loan holder, regardless of receipt, or lack of tion.
		y lender, under a current and/or previous promissory note, ent may be held due to the aforementioned delinquency.
Further, by signing below, I acknowle specified terms and conditions outline		I loan(s) that must be repaid in accordance with the
Student Signature		Date:



PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL LOAN ENTRANCE COUNSELING

It is very important that you make your loan payments on time. If you are having trouble making your monthly payment, you should immediately contact your loan holder or loan servicer.

Lender Name:	
Lender Phone Number:	
Lender web site:	

You've made a commitment to yourself and your future. Be a responsible borrower -- you don't want to default on your student loan. Default is the failure to repay your loan according to the terms of the promissory note.

Loan default has serious consequences:

- Your entire loan balance (principal and interest) may be due in full immediately.
- You may lose eligibility for loan deferment/forbearance.
- Your account may be turned over to a collection agency and you'll have to pay additional charges, late fees
 and collection costs, all of which become part of your debt.
- Your credit rating will be damaged for several years because defaulted loans are reported to national credit bureaus.
- You'll have difficulty qualifying for credit cards, a car loan, a mortgage, or renting an apartment (credit checks
 are required to rent an apartment).
- You can be sued for the entire amount of the loan.

If you find yourself delinquent on your private educational loan(s), contact your loan holder or the school immediately for assistance.

California Northstate University – College of Medicine 9700 West Taron Drive Elk Grove, CA 95757

Phone: (916) 686-7993 Fax: (916) 647-0450 Yia.vang@cnsu.edu

www.cnsu.edu



PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL LOAN ENTRANCE COUNSELING

Helpful Educational Loan Definitions

- Capitalization increases your loan principal balance and you will then have to pay interest on the increased loan principal amount. If you allow interest to be capitalized, the total amount you repay over the life of your loan will be greater than if you paid the interest as it accrued.
- Consolidation is a process by which you combine multiple loans into one loan. These loans may reduce your monthly payment, extended your repayment term, and change your interest rate.
- A **deferment** is a period of time in which your repayment obligation to your loan holder may cease.
- **Disbursement** is the process by which loan funds are applied directly to your student account.
- A forbearance is a period of time in which your repayment obligation to your loan holder may be reduced.
- Grace period is the specified period after you graduate, leave school, or drop below half-time enrollment
 during which you are may not be required to make payments or may only be required to make minimal
 payments. The repayment period begins at the end of the grace period. PLUS loans do not have a grace
 period.
- Interest is a charge for using borrowed money. Everyone has to pay interest no matter what type of loan they have; education loans are no different.
- Lender is the organization that made the loan initially; the lender could be a bank, credit union, or other lending institution.
- Loan is the money borrowed from a lending institution that must be repaid.
- Loan Default is the failure to repay a loan according to the terms agreed to.
- Loan Holder is an entity that holds your loan promissory note and has the right to collect from you. Many banks sell loans, so the initial lender and the current holder could be different.
- Loan Servicer is an organization that handles billing and performs other loan servicing functions on behalf of the lender.
- **NSF Fees** are non-sufficient funds fees a loan holder may assess you if your payment is not able to be cashed due to the unavailability of funds.
- An **Origination Fee** is fee charged by the lender at the time the loan is originated, and is deducted from the proceeds prior to disbursement to the institution.
- Promissory Note is a binding legal document that you signed before receiving your educational loans and by which you agreed to repay your loan(s).
 - This also contains a Borrower's Rights and Responsibilities statement that explains the terms and conditions of the loans you received. It is very important to read and save this document because you'll need to refer to it later when you begin repaying your loan.
- A repayment incentive is a benefit that is offered to encourage you to repay your loans on time. Under a
 repayment incentive program, the interest rate charged on your loans may be reduced. Some repayment
 incentive programs require that you make a certain number of payments on time to keep the benefits of the
 repayment incentive.
- A repayment schedule is a disclosure that provides you, as the borrower, a monthly payment amount, interest rate, total repayment obligation, due date information, and length of loan repayment.